



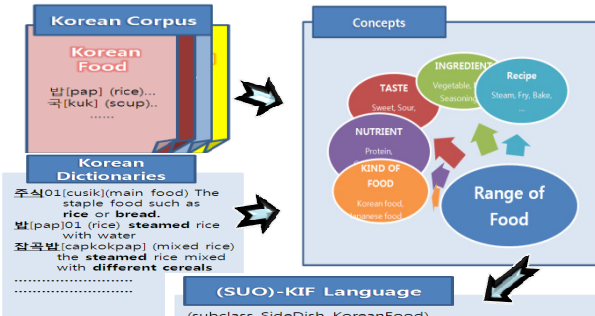
Korean Food Ontology

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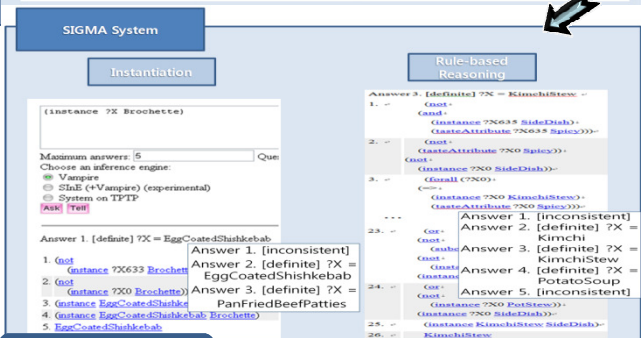
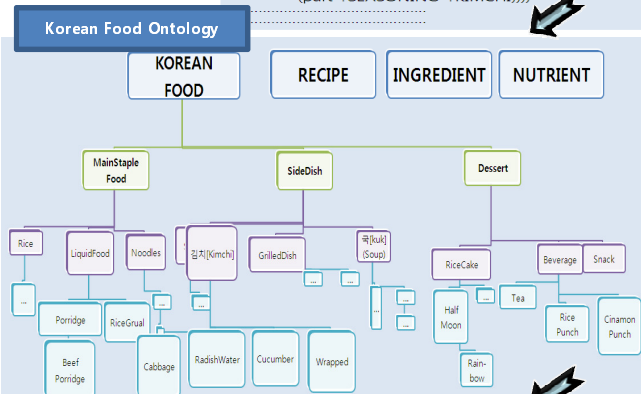
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Introduction

- The need for ontologies has increased in computer science or information science recently.
- Food** is one of the **important factors** to understand the country. Because it is closely related to the **culture** and the **lifestyle**.
- There are various kinds of information about the Korean food such as **name, recipe, ingredients, stuff**, etc. But, These are not used systematically.
- This paper describes the **Korean Food Ontology** designed for **sharing** and **reconciliation** of Knowledge.
- Especially, this is focused on the **construction method** of the Ontology and the **Inference** performed on it.



```
(SUO)-KIF Language
(subclass SideDish KoreanFood)
(subclass Kimchi SideDish)
(=>
(instance ?KIMCHI Kimchi)
(exists (?VEGE ?SEASONING)
(and
(instance ?VEGE Vegetable)
(instance ?SEASONING Seasoning)
(part ?VEGE ?KIMCHI)
(part ?SEASONING ?KIMCHI))))
```



Procedure

- Step 1. Collect the nouns related to the food from the Korean cookbooks and dictionaries
- Step 2. Extract the relevant information from the definitions of the dictionaries
- Step 3. Classify the Korean food terms to the concepts:
 - Top-down development process
 - names, recipes, nutrients, food stuffs, tastes
- Step 4. Express the information by using (SUO)-KIF language
 - Define the classes and the class hierarchy, properties, facets, individuals
- Step 5. Connect to the top-level ontology SUMO
- Step 6. Perform the Reasoning within the SIGMA system

Components of Ontology

A. CONCEPT

- 5 types of upper classes in Korean Food (food names, nutrients, ingredients,...)
- Hierarchical structure (subclasses)
 - ex) (subclass CookedFood (FoodForFn Human))
 - (subclass CookedFood Object)
 - (subclass MainStapleFood CookedFood)
 - (subclass SideDish CookedFood)
 - (subclass Dessert CookedFood)

B. PROPERTY

- Tastes of food, form(solid/liquid), calories, ...
 - ex) (subclass Beverage Dessert) ex) (subclass RedPepper Seasoning)
 - (=> (instance ?BEVERAGE Beverage) (instance ?REDPP RedPepper)
 - (attribute ?BEVERAGE Liquid) (tasteAttribute ?REDPP Spicy))

C. INSTANCE

- Individuals Korean foods are contained
- More than 100 types
 - ex) (subclass SteamedDishes SideDish)
 - (instance SeasonedAndSimmeredChicken SteamedDishes)
 - (instance BraisedPareerips SteamedDishes)
- Translation English terms into Korean 'termformat'
 - ex) (termFormat SteamedDishes KoreanLanguage "Ccim")
 - (termFormat SeasonedAndSimmeredChicken KoreanLanguage "Talkccim")

D. RELATION

- Child-parents relations(is-a/kind-of)
- Part-whole relations(part of)
- Equal relations
- Cause and effect relations(result)
- Active and passive relations(resource/patient)
 - ex) (subclass Kimchi SideDish)
 - (=> (instance ?KIMCHI Kimchi)
 - (exists (?VEGE ?SEASONING)
 - (and (instance ?VEGE Vegetable)
 - (instance ?SEASONING Seasoning)
 - (part ?VEGE ?KIMCHI)
 - (part ?SEASONING ?KIMCHI))))))

Methods of Inference

A. SIGMA system

- Automated theorem prover
- Consistency check, instantiation, realization, retrieval

B. Reasoning for Korean Food Ontology

- Subsumption
 - ex) Assertion: What is a subclass of CookedFood?
 - Query: (subclass ?X CookedFood)
- Instantiation
 - ex) Assertion: what is an instance of Brochette?
 - Query: (instance ?X Brochette)
- Rule-based Reasoning with axioms
 - ex) Assertion: what is a spicy sidedish?
 - Query: (and (instance ?X SideDish)
 - (tasteAttribute ?X Spicy))

References

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